

Daily Commercial News, Don Proctor, "Huge Boulder No Match for Non-Explosive Ecobust", Mar 2011



Huge boulder no match for non-explosive demolition compound

It's not every day that excavators come across something they can't handle — like a boulder 1.5 times as big as a single-car garage. But an excavation was brought to a halt at a downtown Vancouver construction site recently by a boulder just that big.

Weighing about 300 tonnes, the 20-by-17 foot boulder was scraped up from the dirt and rubble at the site of an eight-storey condo planned for Granville and Davie streets. The mammoth rock, termed a "rogue errant," was likely a deposit from the last ice age thousands of years ago.

Rocks that huge are uncommon (a five-foot diameter boulder is more typical) at construction sites in downtown Vancouver, says Kevin Ronning, president of Southwest Contracting Ltd., excavation and shoring contractor for the project. That's a good thing because removing them can be arduous.

There is no crane big enough to lift the boulder and blasting it to fragments wasn't an option because a jarring explosion could damage the adjacent historic building and rattle windows and building structures in the high-density neighborhood.

Southwest Contracting tried several methods to break the granite mammoth. A pneumatic hammer attached to an excavator failed as did a non-explosive gas expansion system.

"Boulder busting" — filling shallow holes in a rock with an explosive charge ("essentially like a shotgun charge") — easily breaks up most boulders but not this one. Ronning says the rock was simply too big.

A traditional "feather and wedges" method which involves drilling a series of holes, inserting steel wedges and hammering in spikes to split the rock — was equally disappointing.

Exhausting what seemed like all options, the frustrated excavator turned to Vancouver-based [Ecobust Distribution International Inc.](#) for a solution: a non-explosive liquid mixture that carries a big punch.

The harmless-looking liquid expands to four times its size and exerts up to 20,000 psi — enough pressure to break almost anything, says Ecobust president David McNamara.

The operation involved filling a series of holes 1.5 inches in diameter drilled deep into the rock with Ecobust and then waiting for the product to do its job. Southwest performed the task on a

Friday and came back to work Monday to find fractures throughout the granite giant, says Ronning. The sequence was repeated the next day, resulting in fractured pieces small enough to easily remove from the site with conventional excavation equipment.

Called a non-explosive demolition agent, Ecobust is made from a naturally occurring mineral-based chemical that is environmentally friendly. When mixed with water it “has amazing expansive properties,” says McNamara.

It typically fractures rock or concrete in two to eight hours — depending on temperature and humidity factors.

In extreme cold, it may take 24 hours or longer, but will continue to expand for about three days or until it is roughly four times its original size, he says.

Non-explosive demolition agents have been around for about 15 years but not every formula has been successful or environmentally sensitive. McNamara believes that his company has hit on the right formulation because it has proven effective on many jobs over the past few years.

“Twenty-thousand pounds of pressure will break absolutely anything,” he says.

Ecobust is the North American distributor for the patented formulation.

McNamara adds the product can save contractors big bucks on time and labour.

“It’s not right for every job, but when noise, vibration, dust and fly-rock are an issue, or environmental or seismic concerns are at play, there is nothing better.”

While blasting is less expensive, Ronning sees applications for products like Ecobust inside buildings where explosives aren’t an option.

“In our trade, you need every tool out there and if the situation comes up again, we’ll use it again,” he adds.

Aside from commercial applications, it is ideal for roadwork, mining and public infrastructure contracts — even small concrete removal jobs, says McNamara, adding it’s simple to use.

“If you can make ready-mix pancakes on Saturday morning, you already know how to use this product. Your lowest-paid workers using the least expensive equipment (to operate) can do an incredible amount of demolition with limited skill or effort.”